Thus close for the present the notes on the Harper family. Something as to the improvements made under Henry Harper's suparvision may be interesting.

The tannery shop was built by William Civey, son of George Civey, who built the grist mill. Robert Irvine and John Irvine built the saw mill, and the same parties put up the tilt hammer and shop. The residence near the road was built by John Irvine, and Chesley K. Moore erected the dwelling beyond the creek.

The mill stones first used in the Harper mill were made by Adam Sharatt, near Friel's, on the Greenbrier River. This person lived at the Sharatt place, three or four miles up the Greenbrier from Marlinton, where he had a mill. The first burrs were bought at John Bradshaw's sale, near Huntersville. These having been used for years, Mr Harper replaced them by burrs brought from Rockingham County, Virginia. The Bradshaw burrs are now in Highland County, taken there years ago by Mr Shultz. The Harper mill succeeded the Poage mill, owned by Peter Lightner. The rocks used by that mill are now on Cummings Creek, near Huntersville, taken there by the late Price McComb, and therefore must be among the oldest in the county-of their dimensions.

## JOHN H. CONRAD.

This ancestor of the Conrad relationseip settled on the North Fork, just after the Revolution, on land
mow sceupied by ()scar L. Orndorf. It wa: preespted land, and in the virgin forest. It is believed that he and his wife Elizabeth, whose family name not remembered, were from Maryland. They were the parents of three noms, Solomon, John, and David; and three danghtern, Mary, Nancy, and Sally. Nancy and Sally died in yoith. Mary becane Mrs Charles Martin, lived a whort while near the (onrad homestead, and then moved th the western part of this State.
dohn Comrad went to Ohio, muriel and settled there.

David ('onrad died young.
Shomom Conrad married Mary Hogsett Brown from men L'arassus, Augusta County. John Brown, her fathor, claimed all the land by preemption from Parmasnas to the head of Deer ('reek, and it was from him Ilmmon Comrad obtained his honestead. Mr Brown movod to Montgomery County, and it was there Solomon Conrad was married, and settled soon after on the Conrad Homostead. They were the parents of three childron, John, Margaret, and Mary Anu.

John married Huldah Sutton and settled on the east section of the Dese (reeck homestead. Their children wore Charles, Emory, Marietta, and Alice.

Charles married Huldah Kerr, daughter of Jacob Kiorr, and settled on Deer Creek. Emory married Eliza Wooddell, and lived near Liberty Church. Marietta became Mrs Wilson Pugh, and lived on the homestead. Alice became Mrs Milton Gam, and settheyd on the beer Creek homestead.

Maryaret, daughter of Solomon Conrad, became Ad-
dison Nottinghan's first wite. Her surviving child, Amos, lives in Dakotah.

Mary Ann Conrad became Mrs Willian Orndorf, and lived on the homestead. Willian Orndori was from Tennessee. He was a soldier in the Mexican War, going with a company from Memphis, led $\mathrm{l} y$ Captain William L. Lacey. One of Lacey's lieutenants was the person who afterwards in the (ivil War, in the battle on Alleghany Mountain, was a captain of Artillery, and was killed in that action. Mary Ann's children were Oscar, Margaret, Mollie, Esta, and Laura. Margaret became Mrs Samuel McAlpin, and settled at Cowen, Webster County. Mollie Orndorf became Mrs Schuyler Fitzgerald, and lives near Greenbank. Esta Orndorf married J. C. Crowley, and lives near Greenbank. Laura bec.me Mrs Loring Kerr. and lives on the Alleghany. Oscar Conrad married Nebraska Guiu, and lives on the Deer (reek homestead. Their children are Lela, Mamie, and Cassie.

Mrs Solomon Conrad was a lady of great piety and genteel deportment, and a model housekecper. Solomon Conrad was one of the sterling citizens of the pioneer times. His experience in the war of 1812 was one of toil, danger, and lifelong sorrow.

Drafted as a soldier, he was marched to Norfolk, over three hundred miles, -served his time faithfully, was honorably discharged, and walked back to his mountain home, intected with the deadly army fever, from which so few ever recovered of the mountaineers. He was just able to get home, and was at once prostrated. The joys of the soldier's return were in a lit-
tle while changed to sadness. The entire family were seized with the fever, and David, Nancy, and Sally were borne to their graves very soon, one after the wher. Long as Solomon Conrad lived the memories of that sad home coming seemed to over shadow his spirit, and imparted a tone of subdued sadness to his deneanor. In mature life he made a profession of his trust in Christ and livel davoatly, honestly, and consistently.

There is much reason for believing that Browns Mountain and Browns Creck derive their names from Solomon Conrad's father-in-law, John Brown, late of Montgomery County, elsewhere referred to.

## MICHAEL DAUGHERTY.

Among the early permaneut settlers of Knapps Creek, and a person of some prominence in county affairs was Michael Daugherty. He was a native of Ireland and came from Donegal, and settled here about 1770 . The property he owned is now in possession of Peter L. Cleek, Willian L. Harper, and the Ruckman sisters Margaret and Nancy. Mrs Daugherty was Margaret McClintic, whose parents lived near Staunton, Virginia. They were the parents of seven children, four daughters and three sons.

Their daughter Martha became Mrs John Frame and lived in Nicholas County.

Isabella Daugherty was married to William Nicholas and lived on Douthards Creek. The late Thomas Nicholas, on the Indian Draft, was one of her sons.

